Anglais langue seconde – Voie A Écriture – 7^e année

Échelle d'appréciation

Essential elements	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 (expected)	Level 4
Ideas (Content)	- The main idea is not evident.	- The main idea is not always	- The main idea is clear and	- The student presents a series of
		clear.	easy to follow.	well-developed ideas related to the
	- Very few ideas are presented in the text.	- The student's ideas are not always logically sequenced.	- The student is able to communicate ideas for a	main idea and stays on topic. - The student communicates
	- Most information is not pertinent or too much	- Some ideas or information are not pertinent to the topic	specific audience or purpose.	intentionally for a specific audience and purpose.
	information is missing.	and/or some information is missing.	- Ideas and information are pertinent.	- Information is pertinent and engages the reader.
Word Choice (Vocabulary)	- The student uses very basic, repetitive and/or incorrect words.	- The student has some difficulty using basic familiar words, verbs and adjectives; some errors in using his or	- The student appropriately uses familiar words, verbs, adjectives and expressions.	- In addition to appropriately using familiar phrases, words, verbs and adjectives, the student takes risks and uses a broader vocabulary not
	- Numerous words in the L1 (i.e., French) are used to communicate ideas and is no longer considered an English text.	her word selection leads to misunderstanding Occasionally uses words from the first language or invented words.	- No words, or very few words, from the first language are used to convey meaning.	necessarily seen in class.
Sentence Structure (Punctuation, word order, etc.)	- The text is difficult to understand as it is usually limited to one or two run-on sentences, or a limited number of	Most simple sentences are short but complete.The student has difficulty placing words in the correct	- The student writes a variety of complete, simple sentences.	- The student writes a variety of complete sentences and attempts to convey meaning using more complex and sophisticated sentence
	incomplete sentences. - Word order is frequently	order - Simple sentence structures are used repeatedly.	- The student usually places words in the correct order.	structures, although not always accurately.
	incorrect.	- Ideas may be loosely presented in one long paragraph or in a series of disconnected sentences.	- The student organizes ideas logically and uses paragraphs.	- The student uses paragraphs to logically convey meaning and engage the reader.

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^{*} Convention examples that may have been instructed in class, such as – using connecting words such as – and, but, or, because -; familiar verb tenses in the present, past, future; common question words - who, what, where, when, why how, how much, how many; spelling of familiar words; capitalization of familiar proper nouns and the subject pronoun I; regular plurals; familiar prepositions - in, on, under; commonly-used adjectives & adverbs, etc.